

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS
AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

Fodringsseminar, Middelfart, 25-4, 2017

**Behov for Fordøjeligt Calcium til
Smågrise og Slagtesvin**

Hans H. Stein

Division of Nutritional Sciences; Department of Animal Sciences

University of Illinois

<http://nutrition.anisci.illinois.edu>



illinois.edu

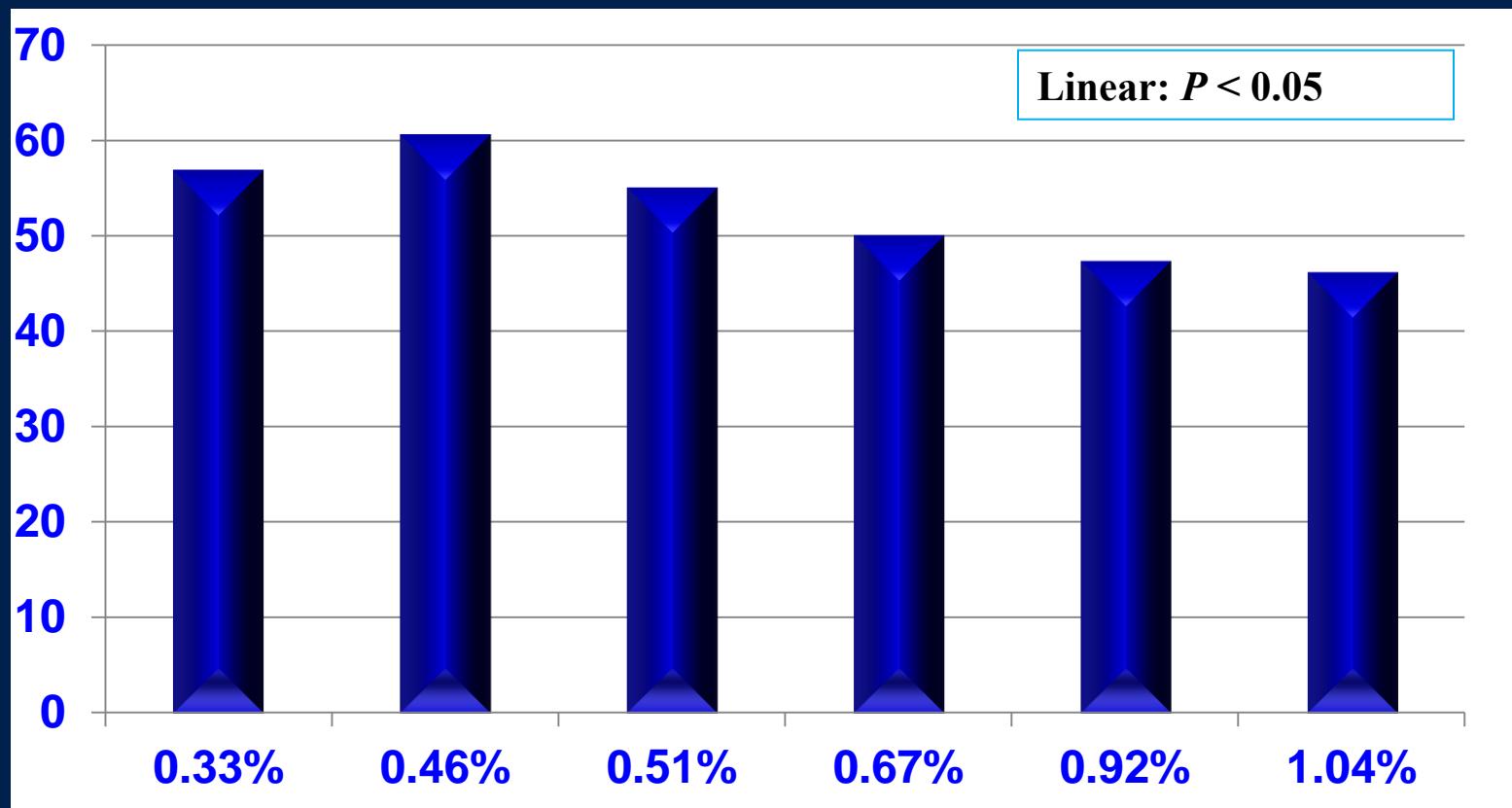
Konklusioner



- 1 Ca behov skal baseres på standardiseret fordøjeligt Ca
- 2 Fytase øger fordøjeligheden af Ca i mange fodermidler
- 3 Overskud af Ca reducerer tilvækst og foderoptag
- 4 Behov for Ca til vækst er mindre end behov for Ca til maximal knoglevækst

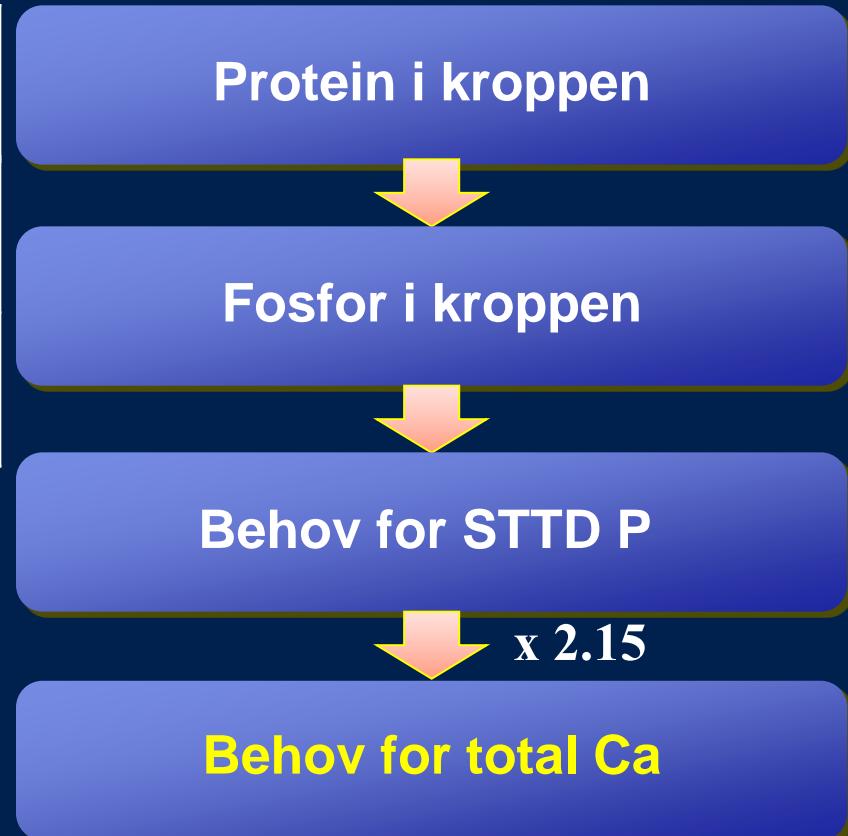


Effekt af Ca på fordøjelighed af P



Behov for Ca

Item	100 - 125 kg
Total Ca, %	0.46
STTD P, %	0.21



(NRC, 2012)



Endogent tab
af Ca?

Fytat, Fytase
Fiber, Fedt?

Ileal eller
fæcal
fordøjelighed?



Endogent tab af Ca

**Ca fra rapsskrå,
%**

**Ca fra rapsskrå, %
+ 1,500 FTU/kg**

0.08

0.16

0.24

0.32

0.08

0.16

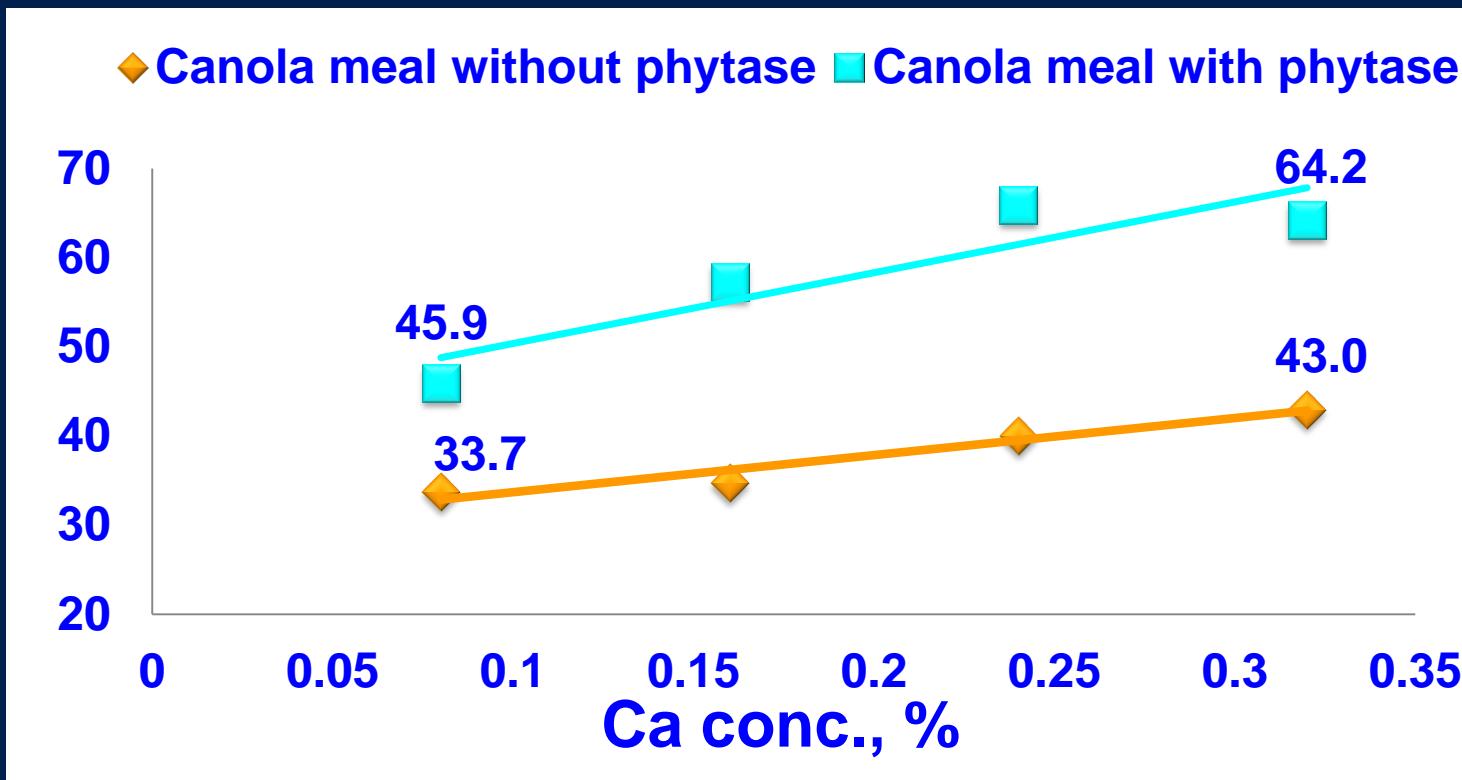
0.24

0.32



Tilsyneladende fordøjelighed af Ca %

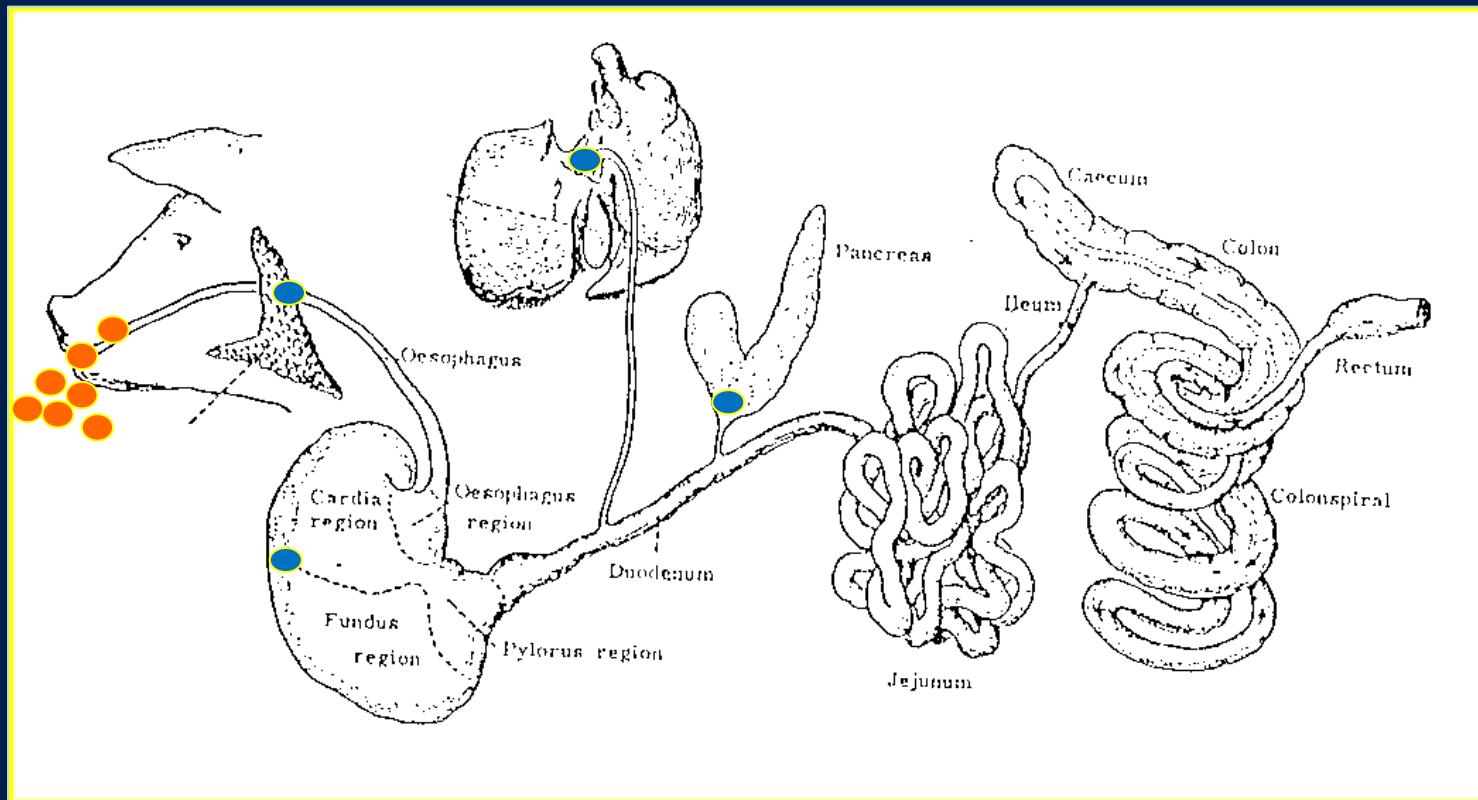
Ca conc: $P = 0.03$; Fytase: $P < 0.01$; Ca × Fytase: $P = 0.56$



Endogent tab af Ca

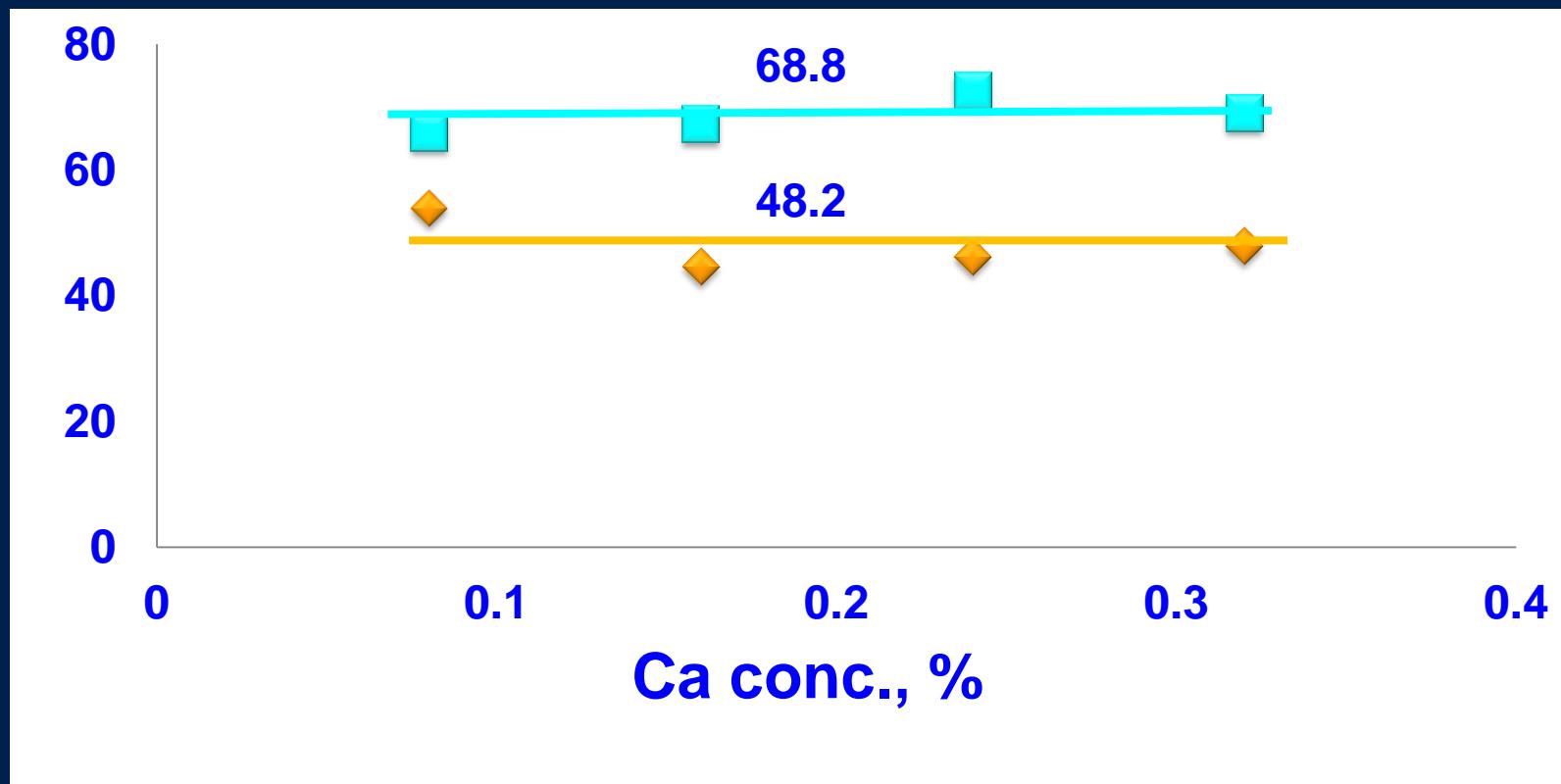
● Ca fra foder

● Endogent Ca

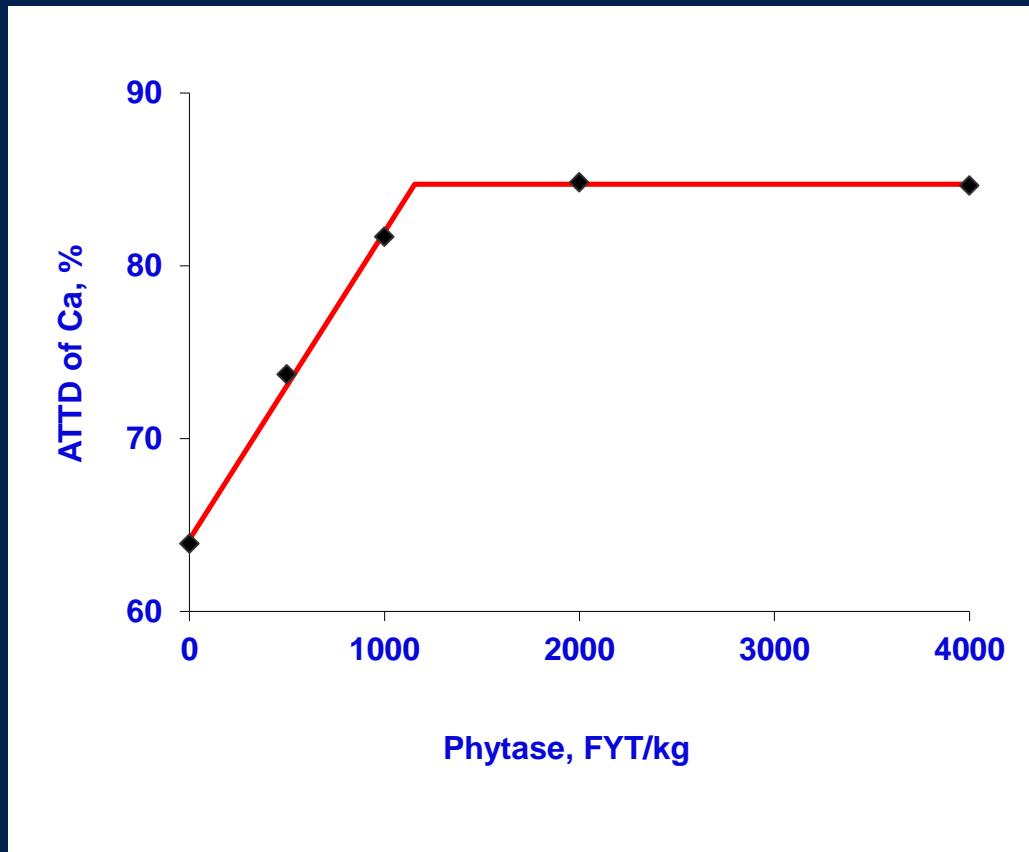


Standardiseret fordøjelighed af Ca, %

Ca conc.: $P = 0.86$; Fytase: $P < 0.01$; Ca × tase: $P = 0.55$



Fytase til smågrise



Fytat

Fytat



Fytat



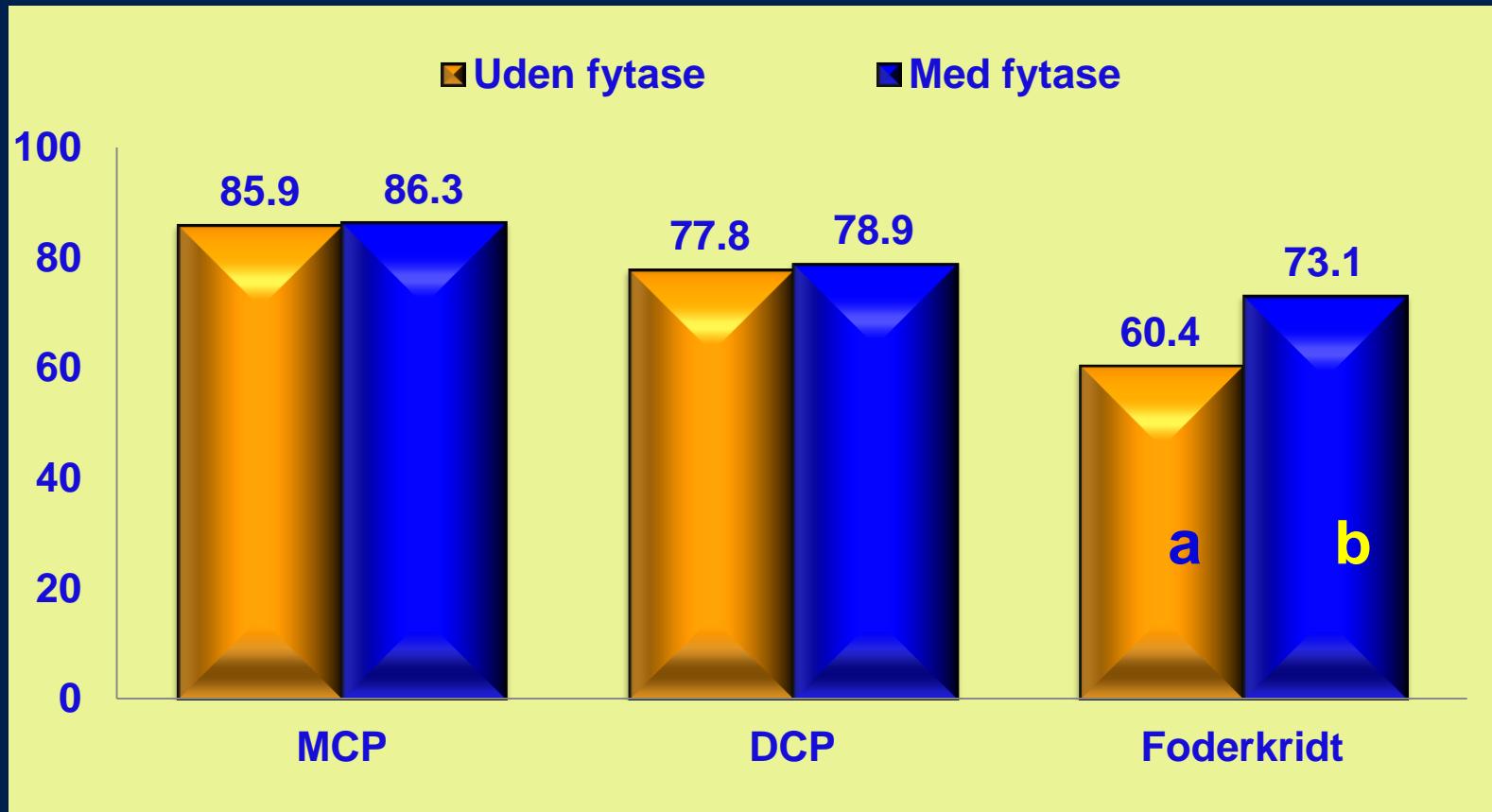
Ca

Ca

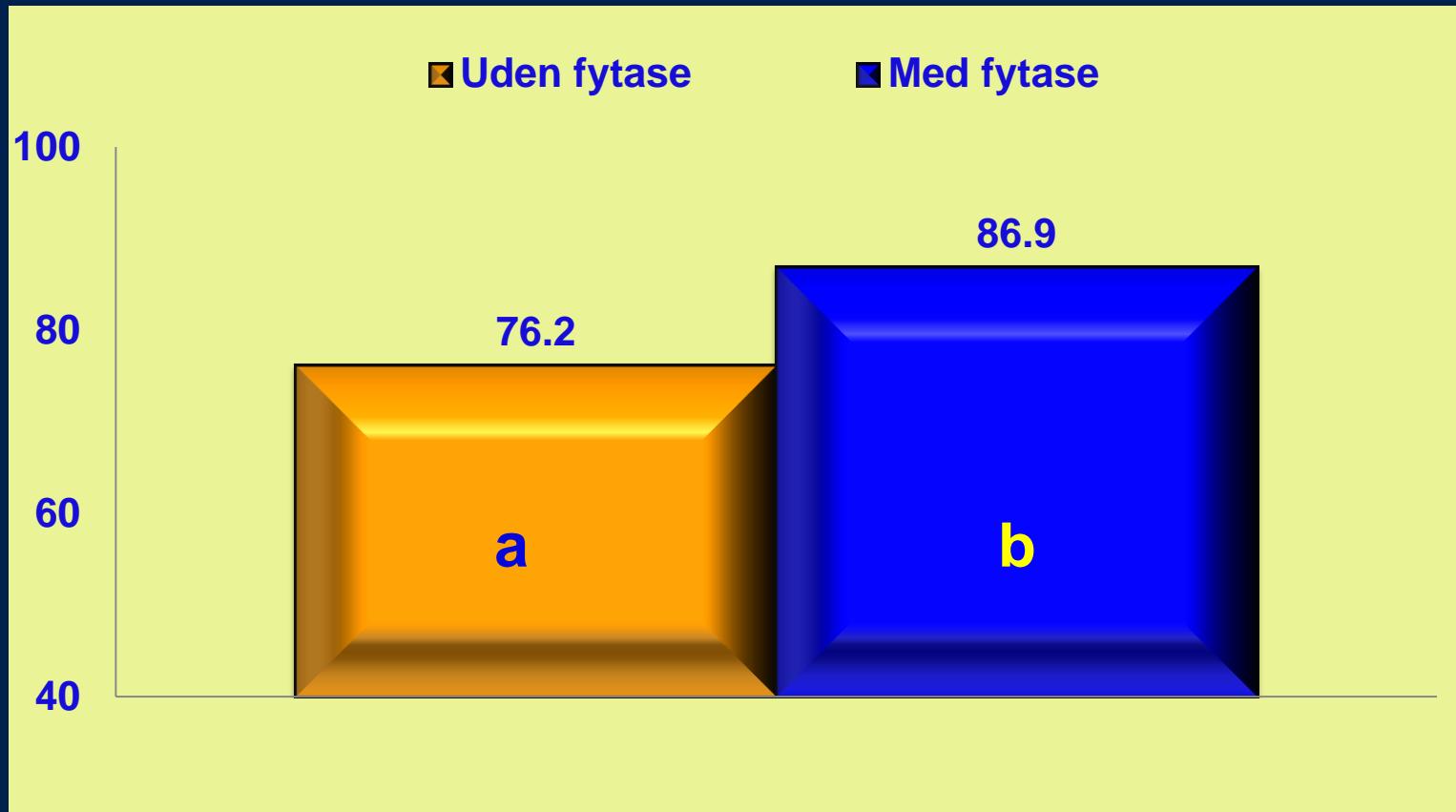
Ca



STTD af Ca (%) i Ca kilder



STTD af Ca (%) i fiskemel



Foder optimering

STTD i
animalske
fodermidler

STTD i
mineralkilder

STTD i
plante
fodermidler



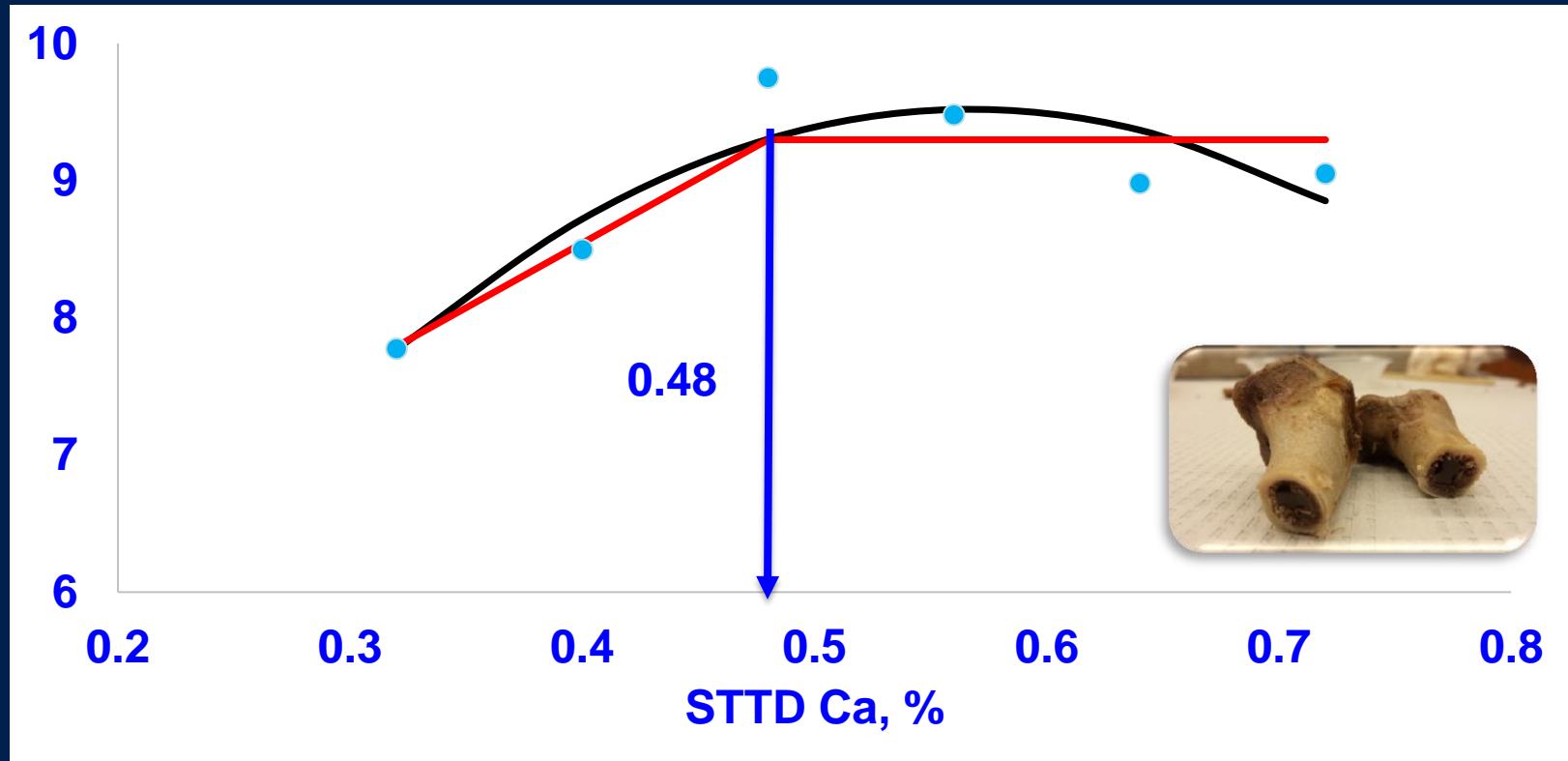
Behov for Ca (11-25 kg)

STTD Ca, %	0.32	0.40	0.48	0.56	0.64	0.72
------------	------	------	------	------	------	------

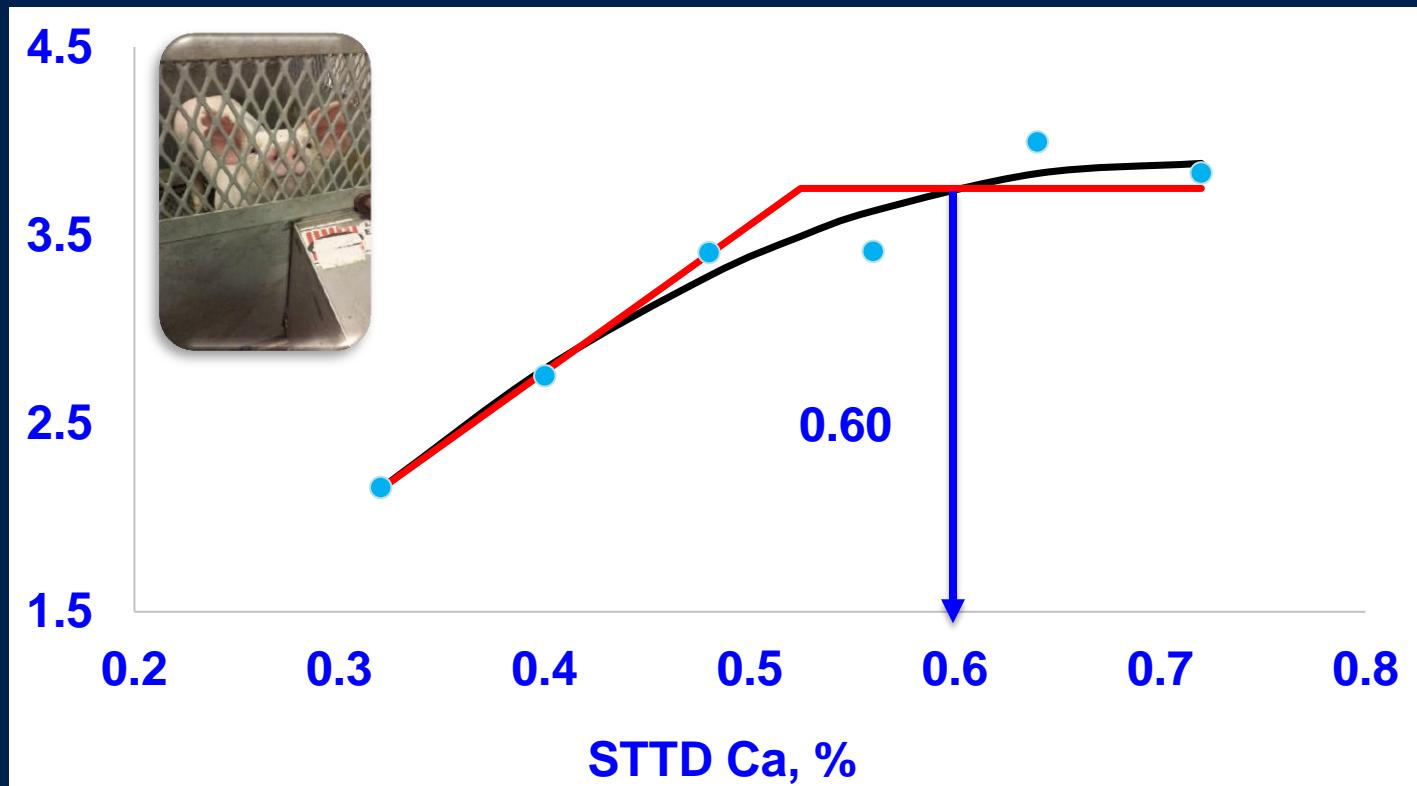
Total Ca, %	0.40	0.54	0.67	0.80	0.93	1.07
-------------	------	------	------	------	------	------



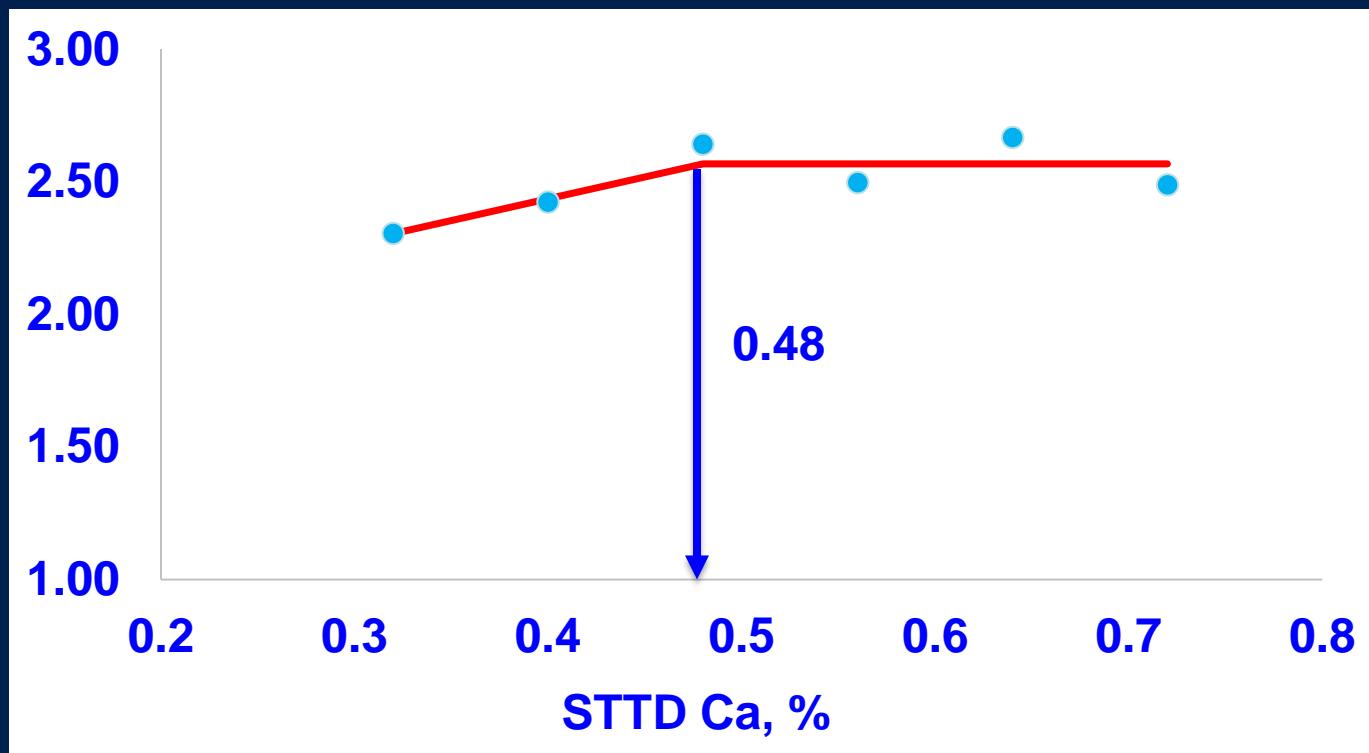
Aske i knogler, g



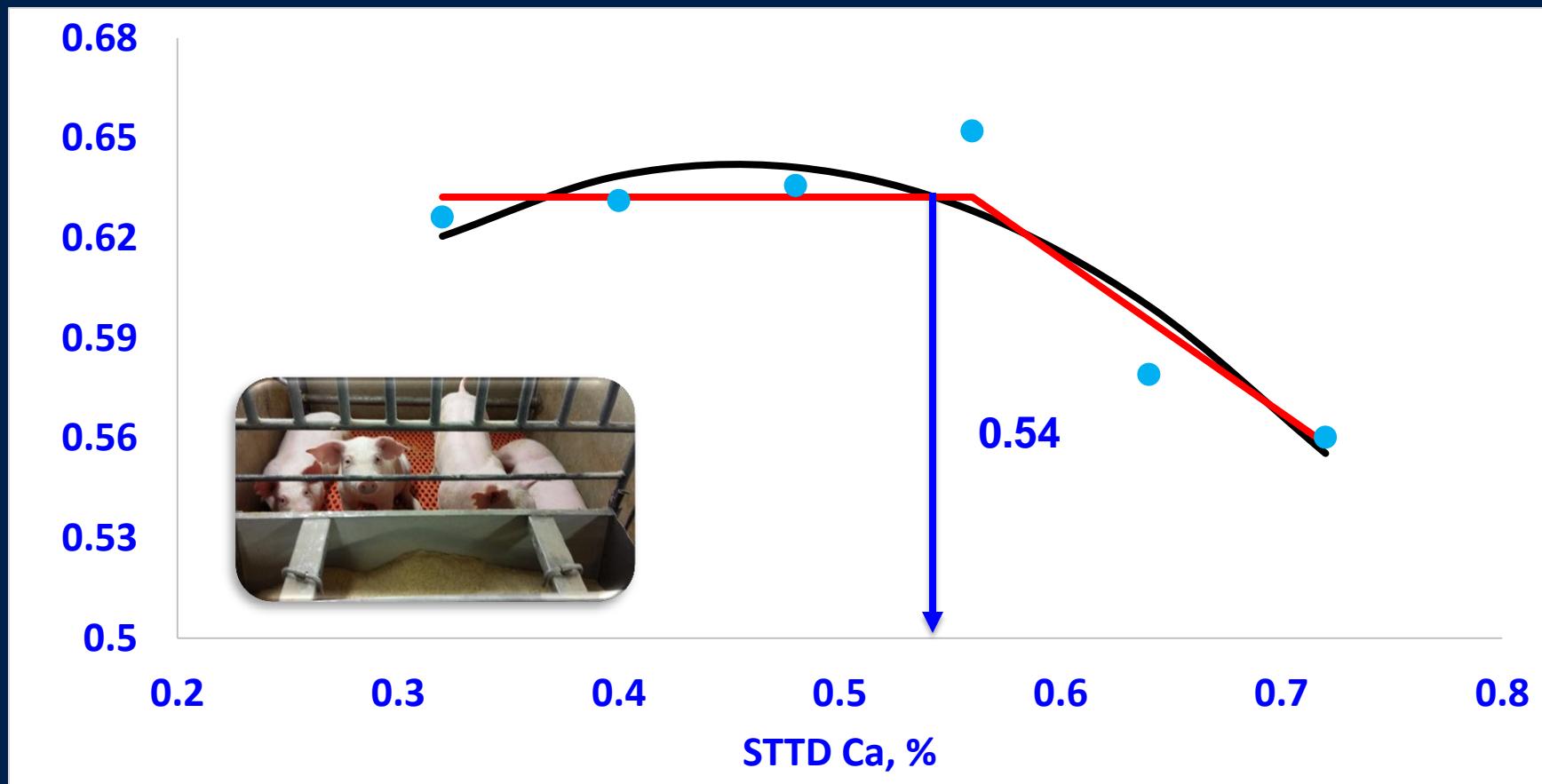
Ca idlejring, g/d



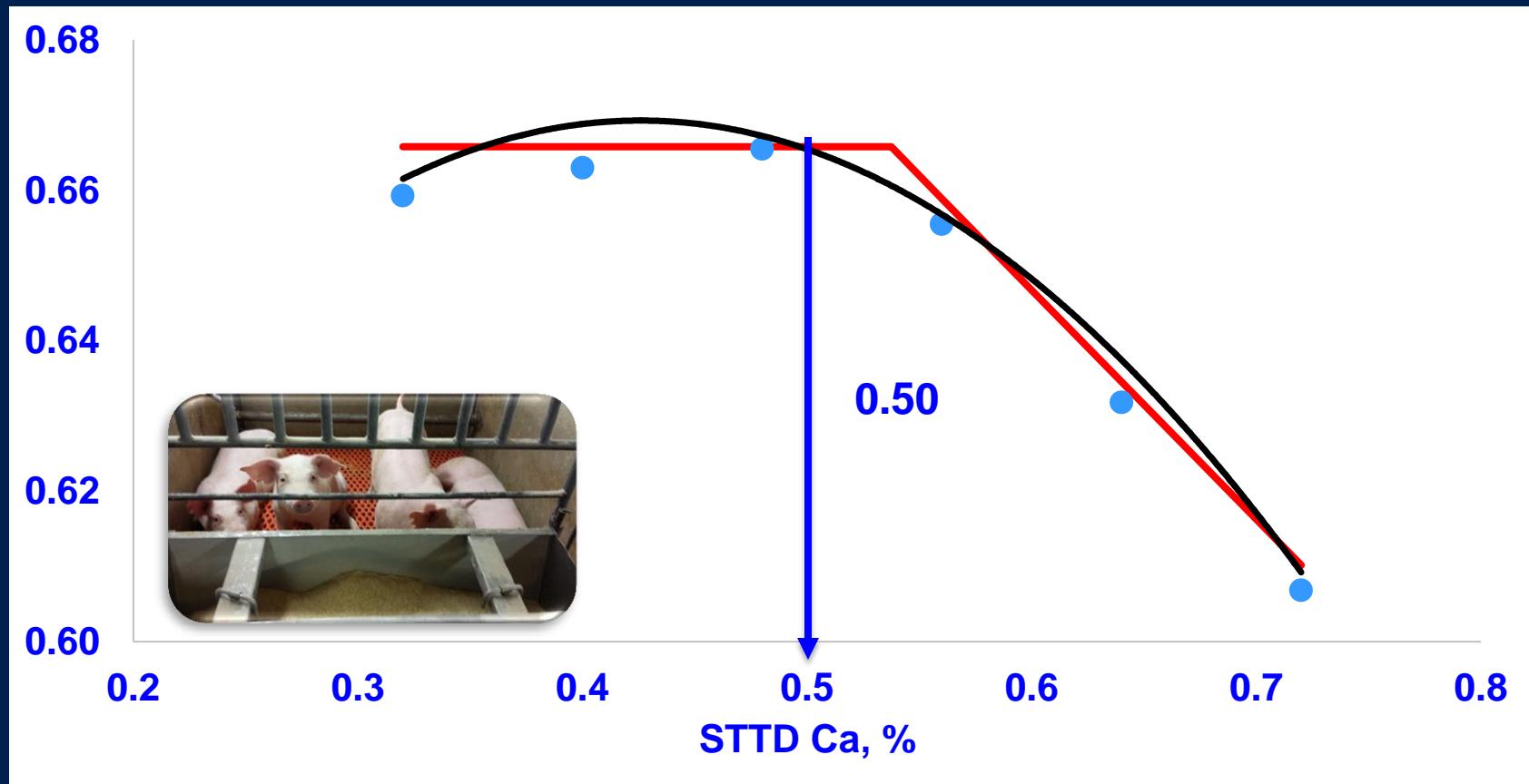
P indlejring, g/d



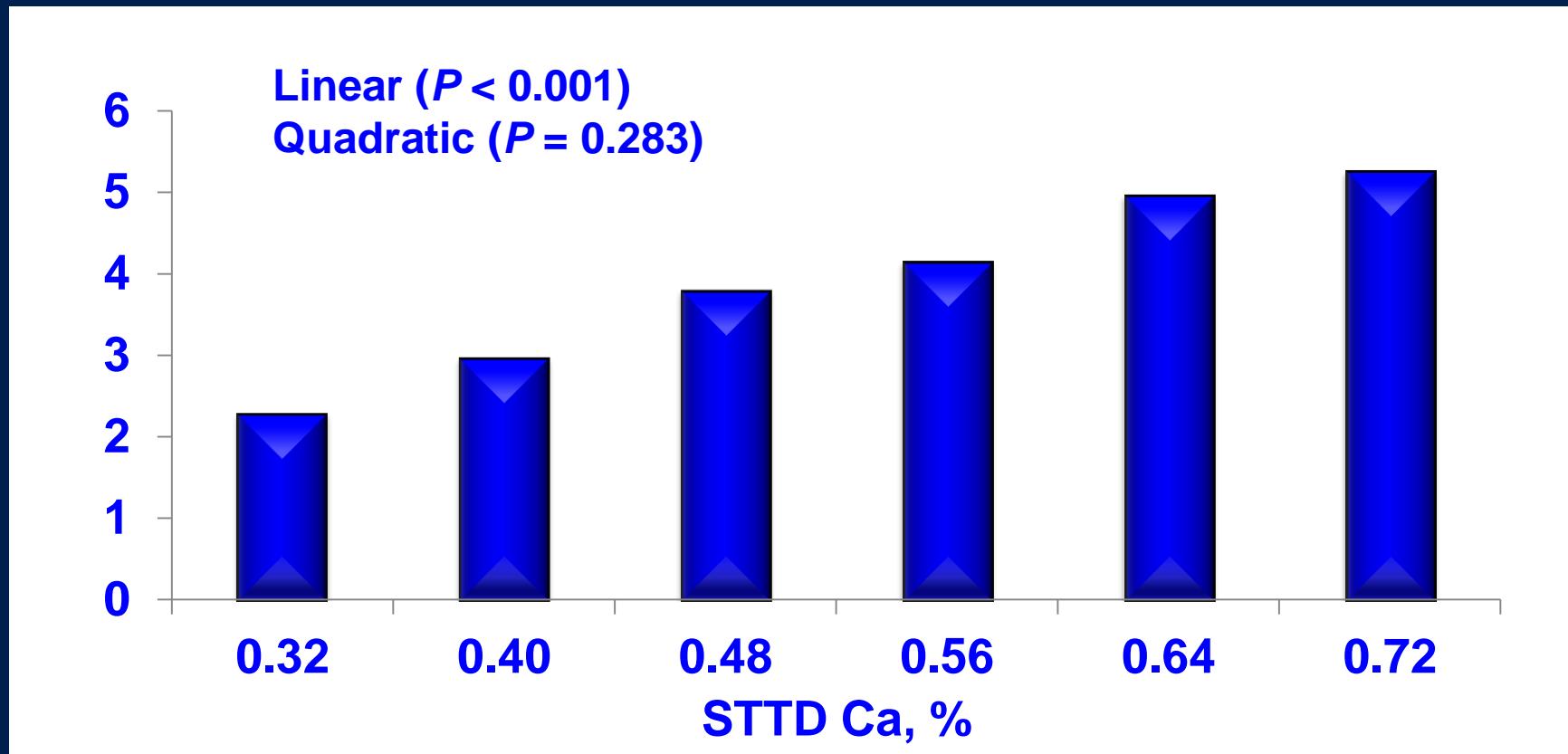
Tilvækst, kg/d



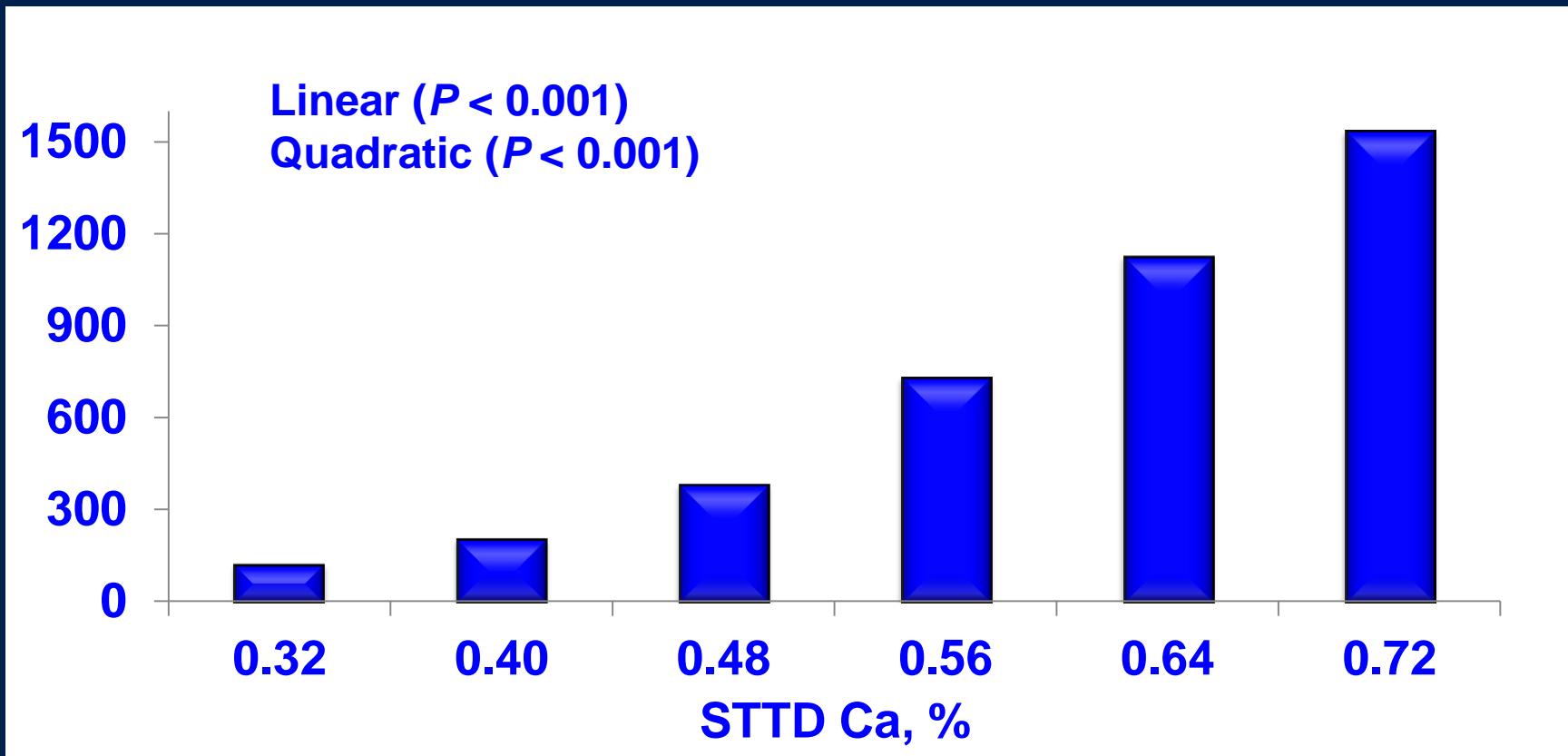
Kg tilvækst per kg foder



Absorberet Ca, g/d



Ca i urin, mg/d



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

Behov for STTD Ca, 25 - 50 kg



STTD Ca:STTD P forhold



		STTD Ca, %				
		0.13	0.27	0.42	0.57	0.72
STTD P, %	0.15	0.87	1.80	2.80	3.80	4.80
	0.31	0.42	0.87	1.35	1.84	2.32
	0.39	0.33	0.69	1.08	1.46	1.85
	0.47	0.28	0.57	0.89	1.21	1.53



Gonzalez-Vega et al., 2016b

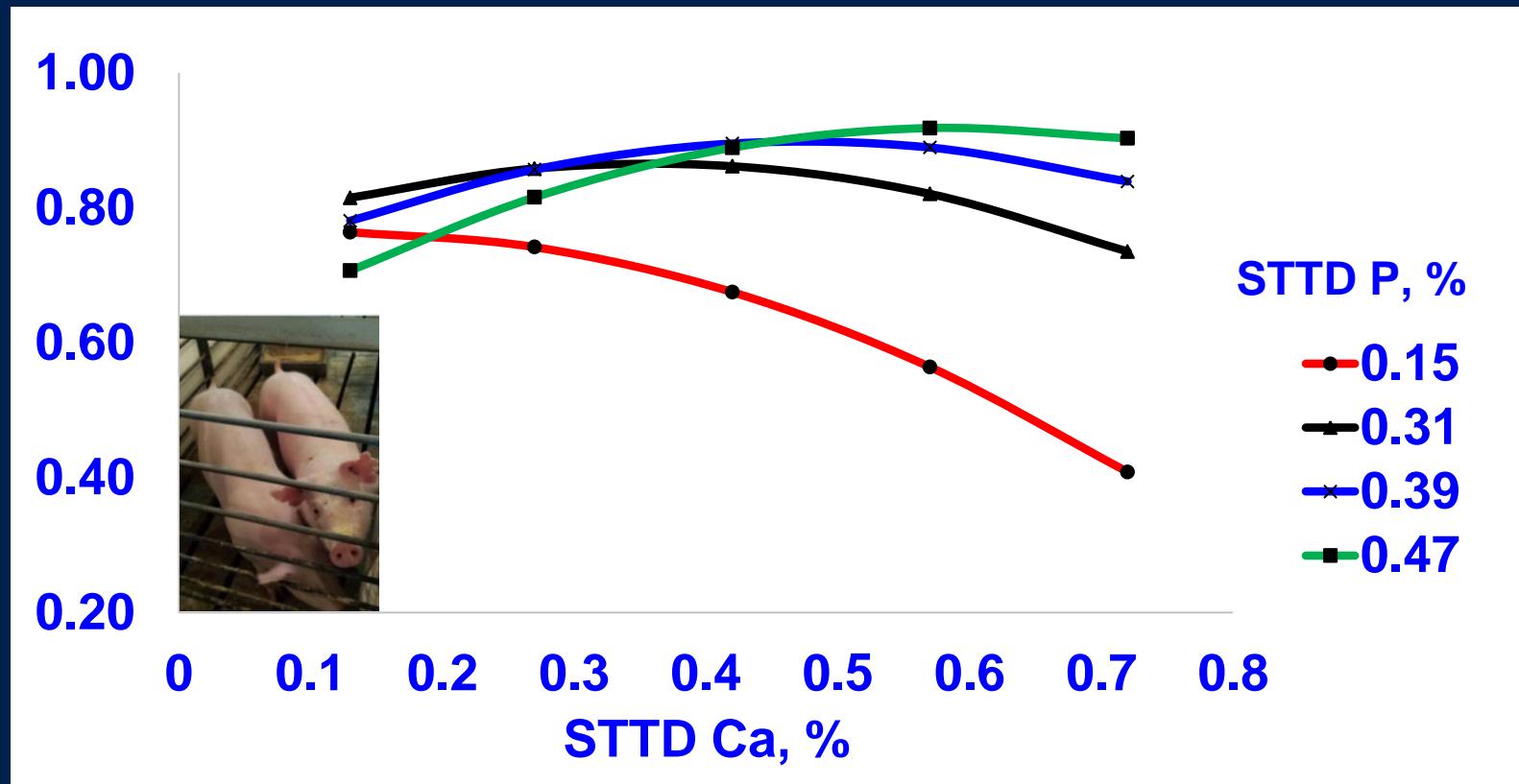


Højt Ca

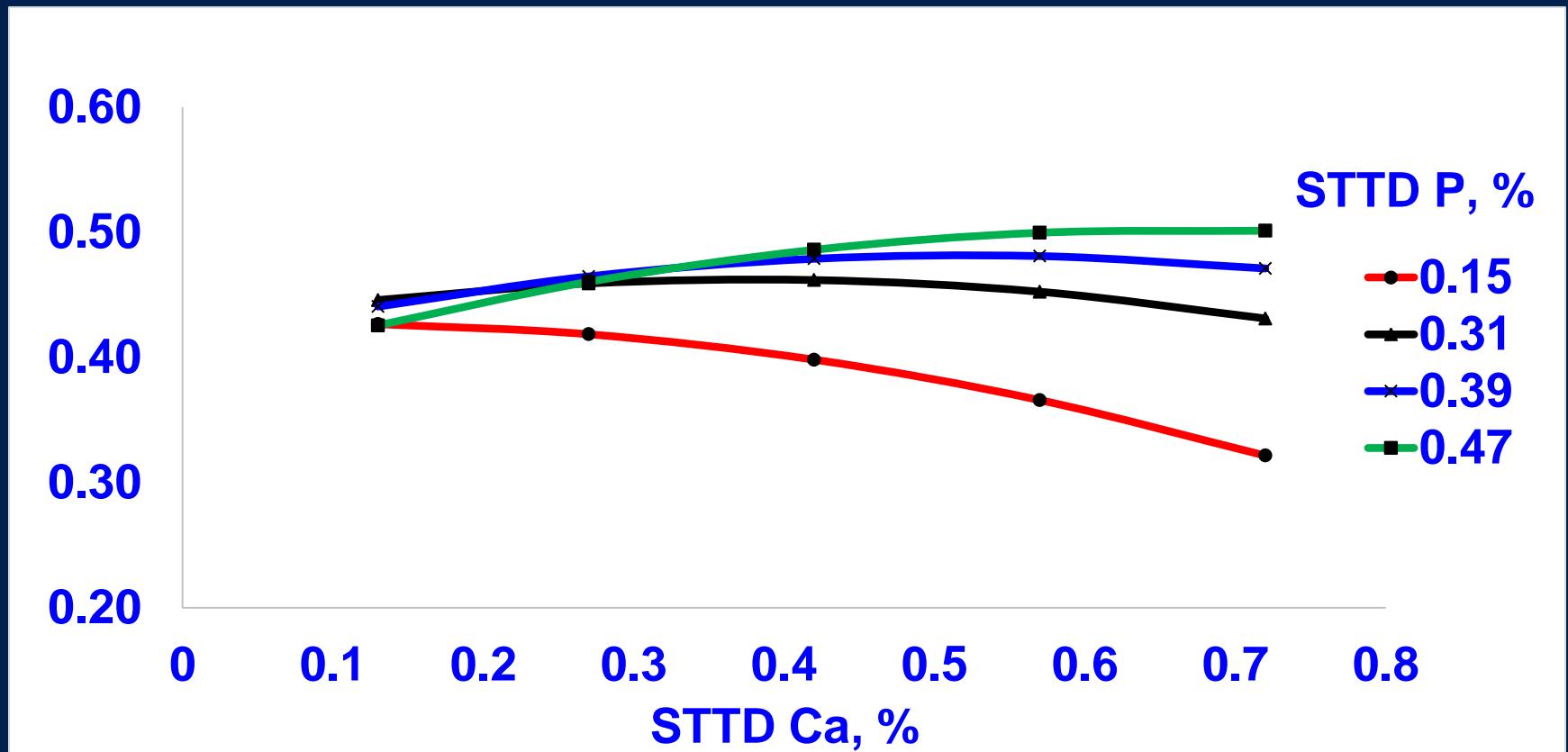


Lavt Ca

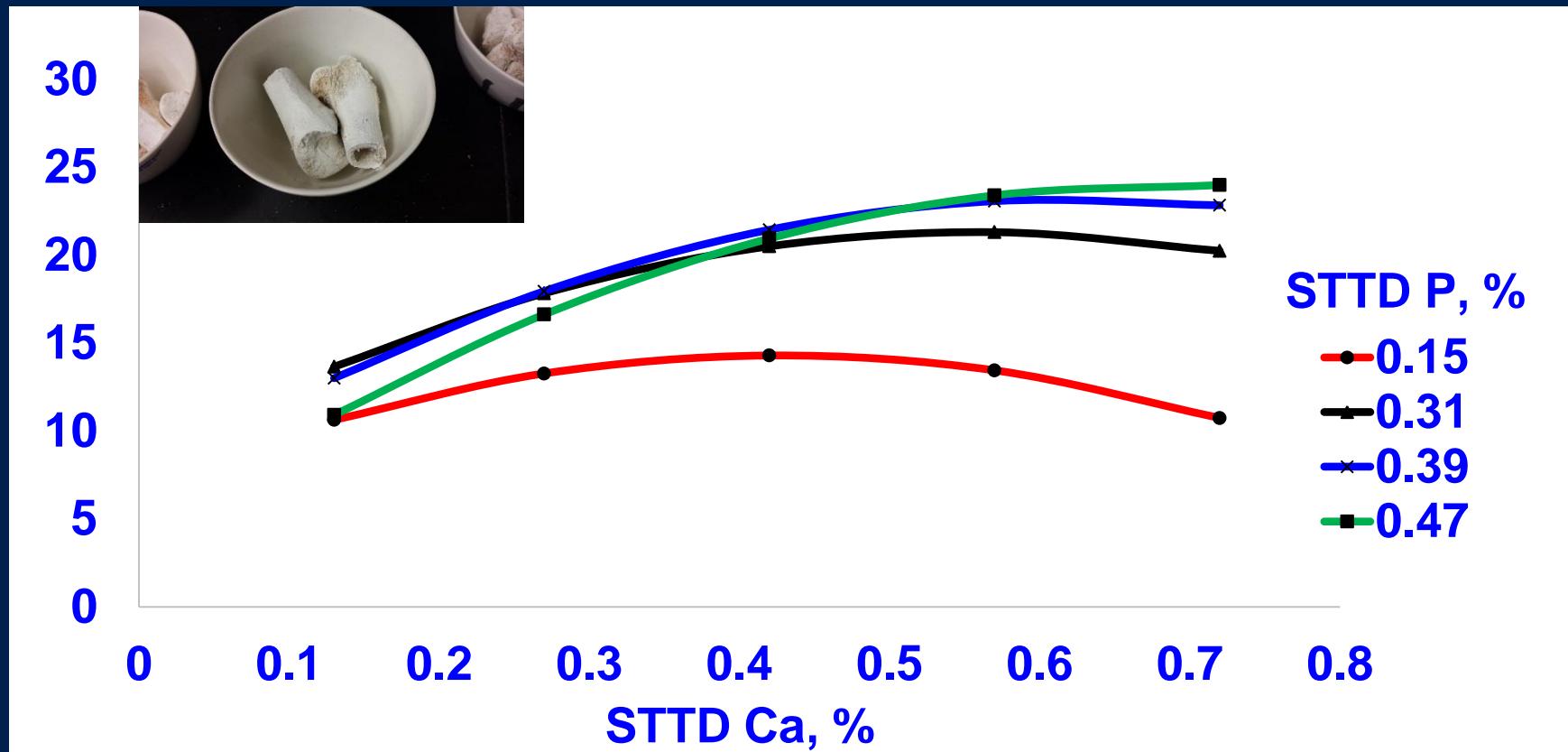
Daglig Tilkæst, d 0-28, kg



Kg tilvækst per kg foder



Aske i knogler, g



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

Behov for STTD Ca, 50 - 85 kg



Forsøgsblandinger

STTD Ca : STTD P

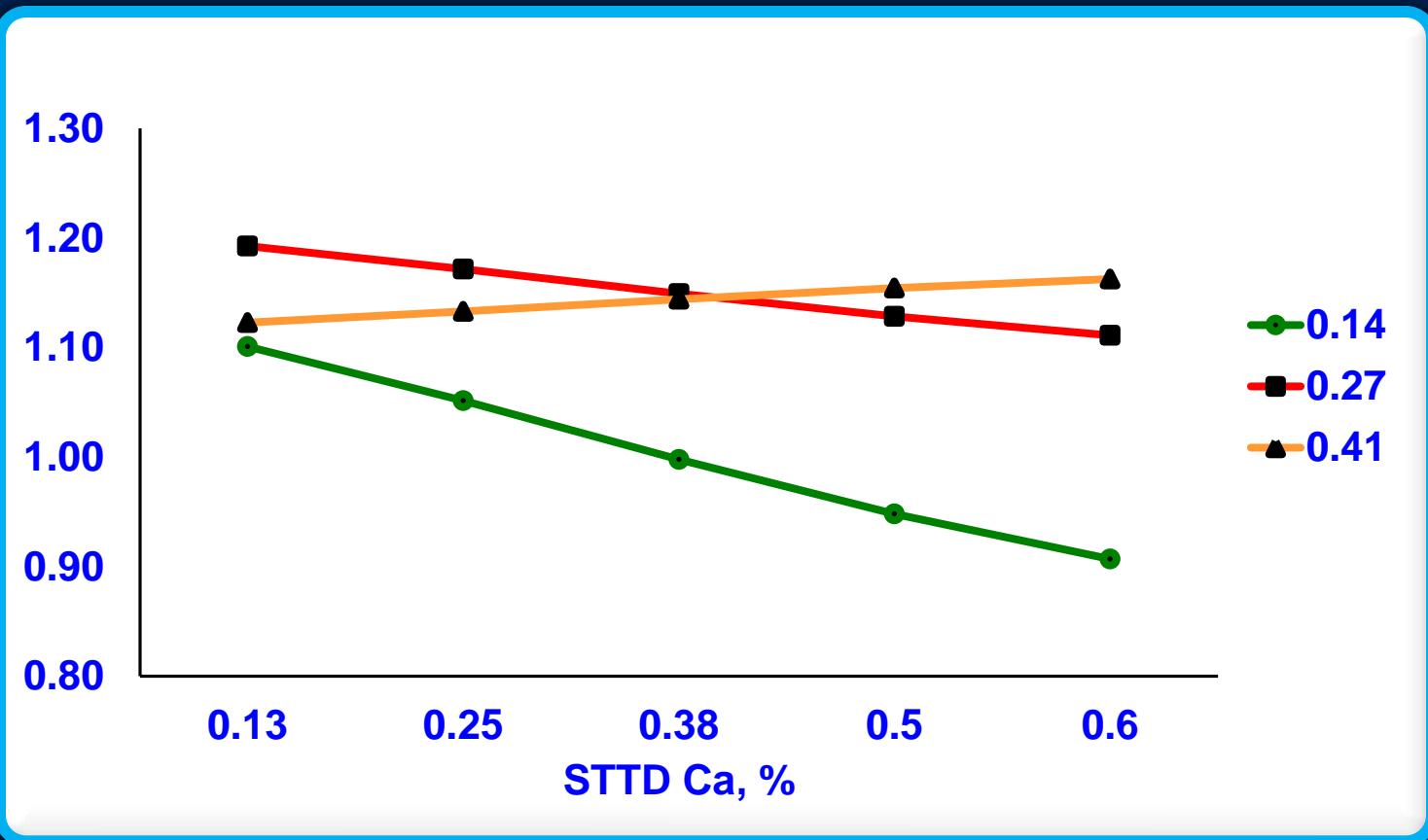


STTD P, %

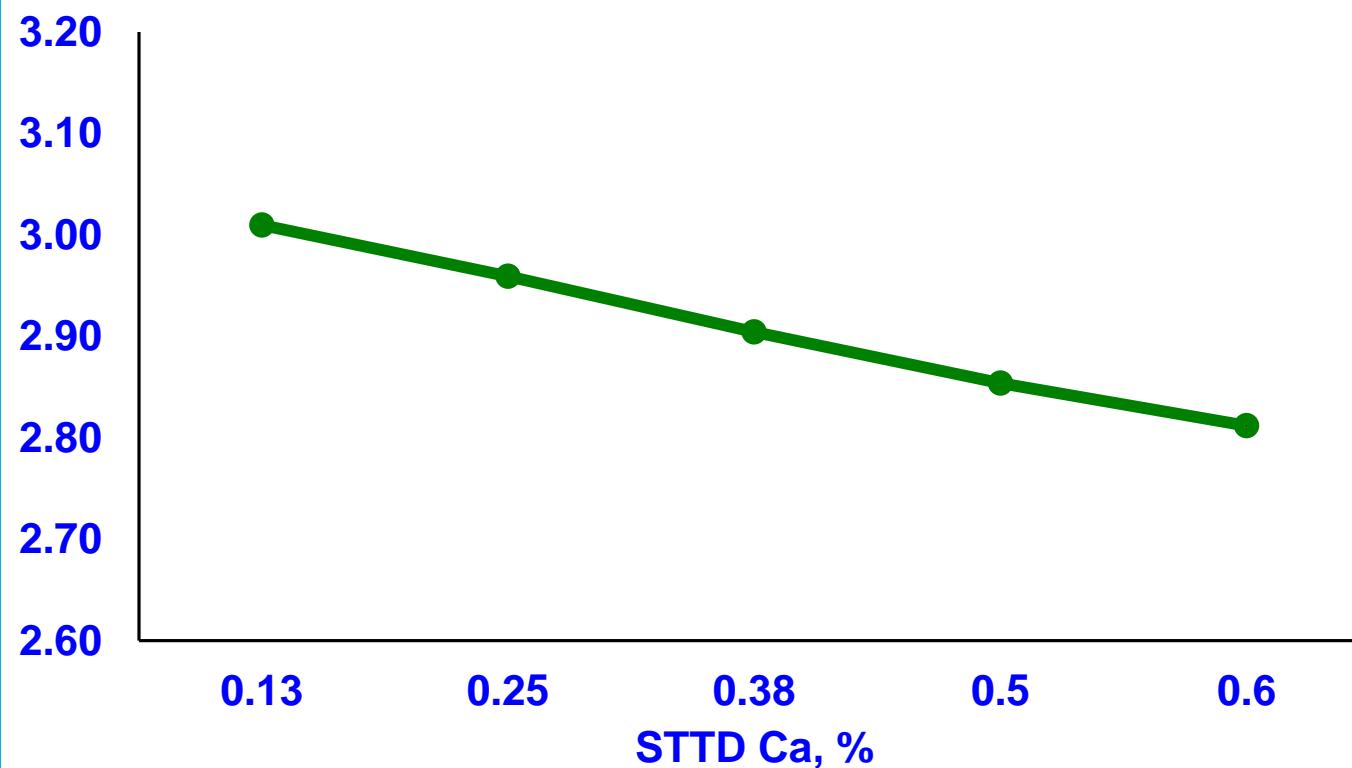
Total Ca, %	0.18	0.38	0.59	0.80	1.00	
STTD Ca, %	0.13	0.25	0.38	0.5	0.60	
STTD P, %	0.14	0.93:1	1.79:1	2.64:1	3.57:1	4.50:1
	0.27	0.48:1	0.93:1	1.41:1	1.85:1	2.33:1
	0.41	0.32:1	0.61:1	0.93:1	1.22:1	1.54:1



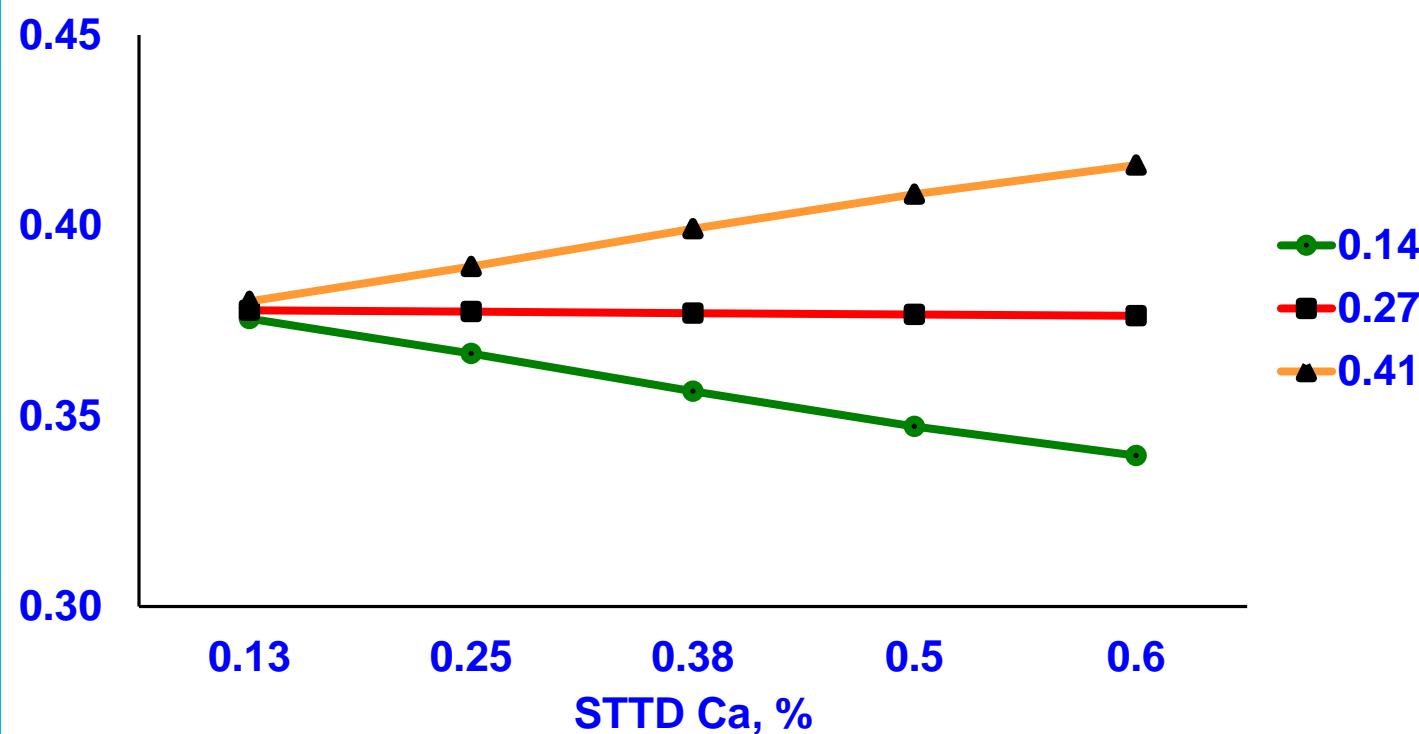
Tilvækst, kg/dag



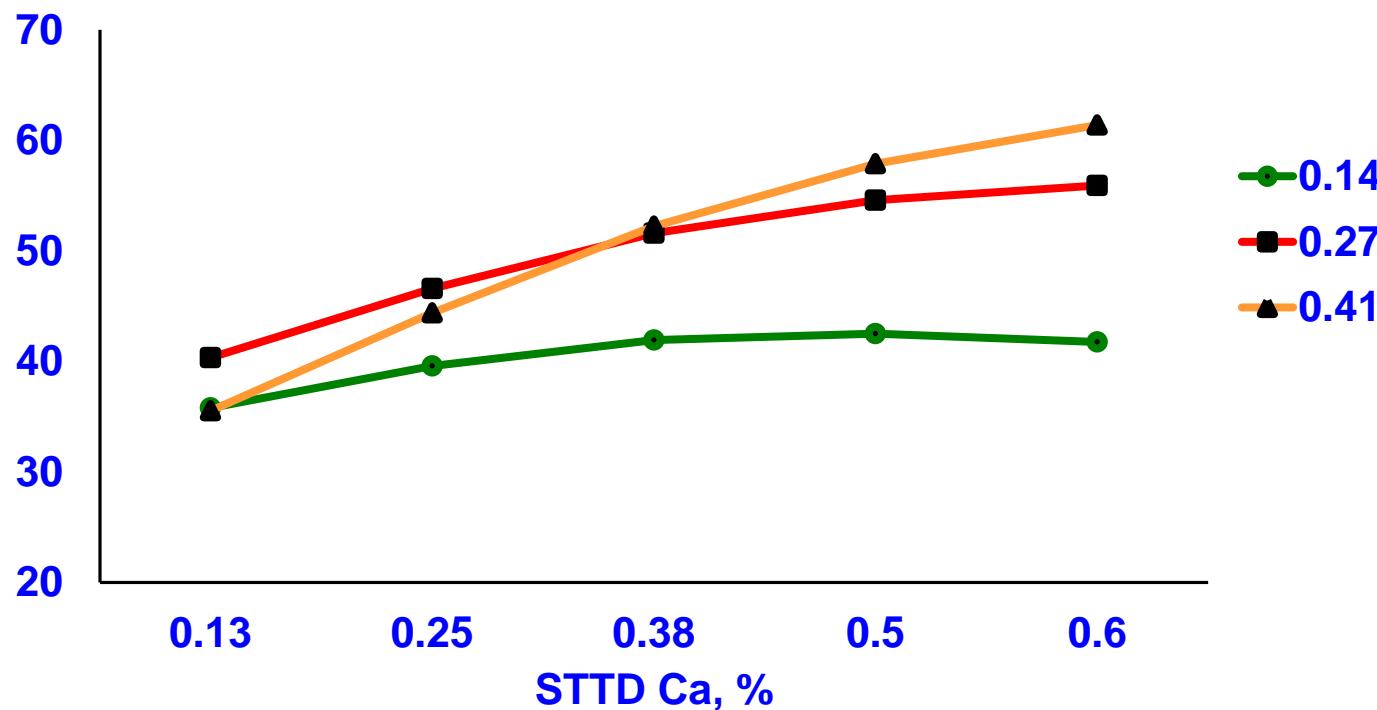
Foderoptagelse, kg/dag



Kg tilvækst per kg foder



Aske i knogler, g

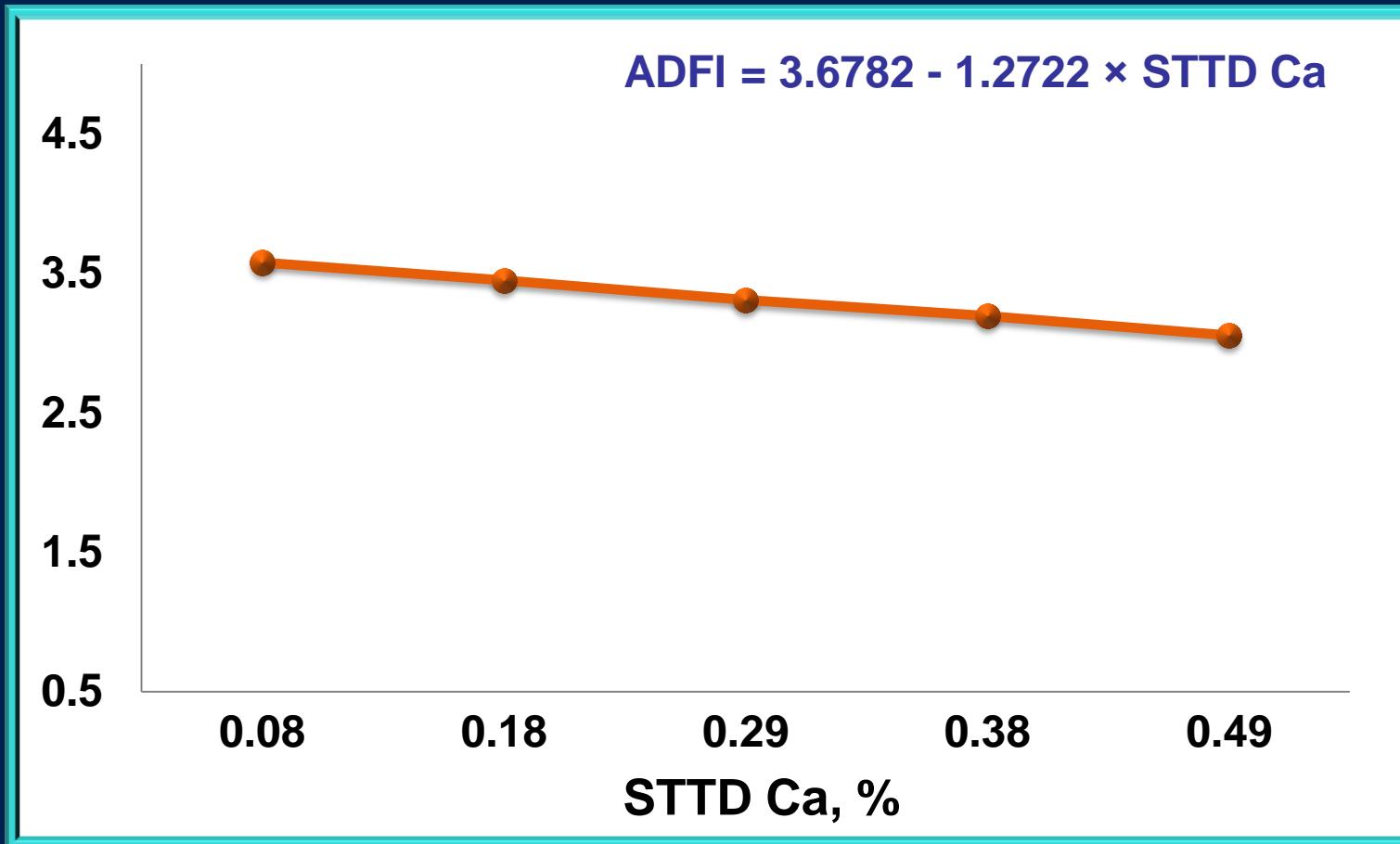


UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

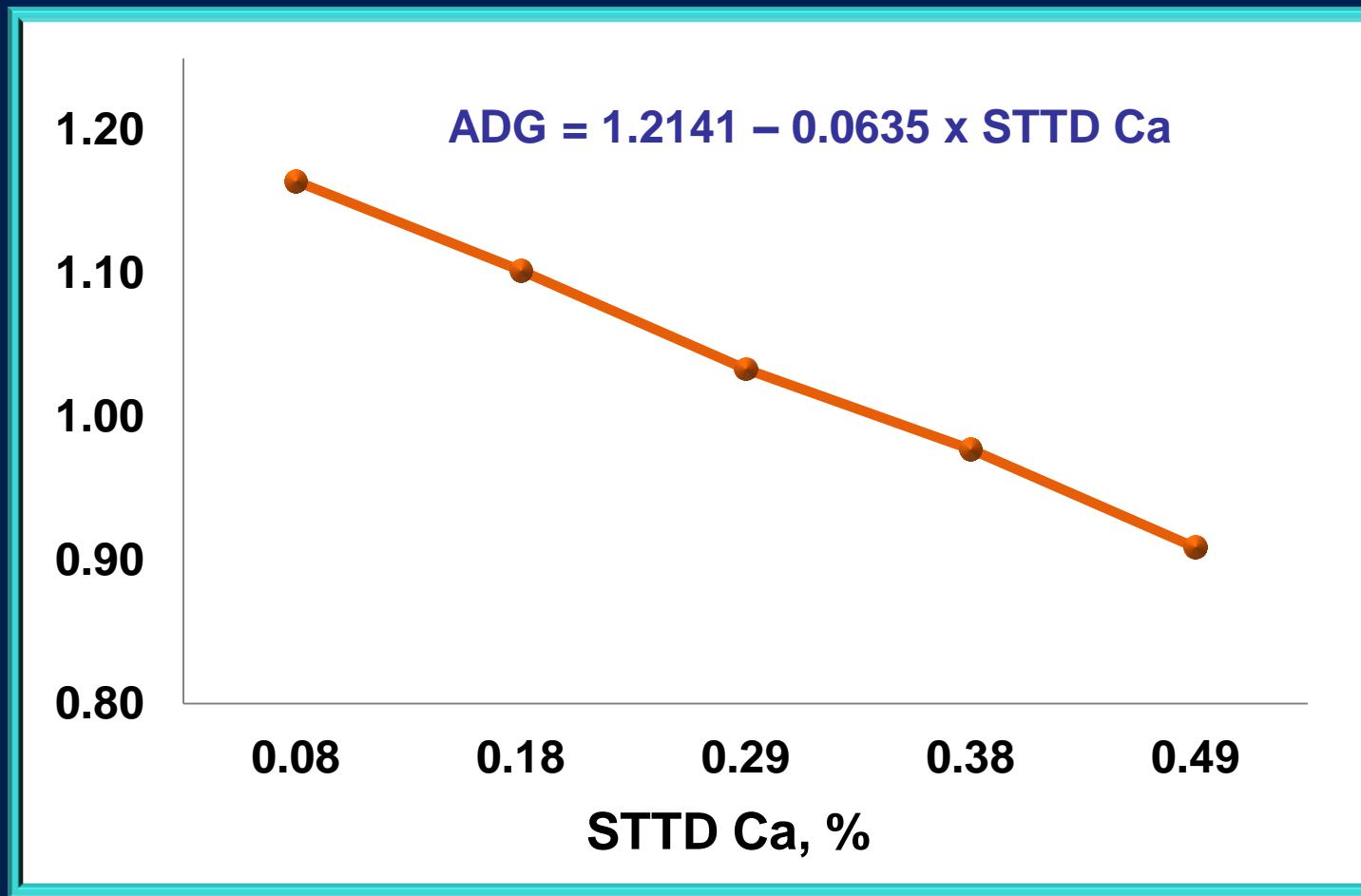
Behov for STTD Ca til slagtesvin (100 to 130 kg)



Foderoptagelse, kg



Tilvækst, kg/dag



Konklusioner

1

For meget Ca
reducerer
foderoptagel-
se og
tilvækst

2

Mest negativ
effekt hvis
STTD P er
lavt eller
marginalt

3

Behov for at
maximere
knogle aske
er højere end
behov for
max tilvækst



Anbefalinger

Grise <50 kg:
Forhold
melleml STTD
Ca og STTD P
 $< 1.25:1$

Grise > 50 kg:
Forhold
melleml STTD
Ca og STTD P
 $< 1.10:1$

Polte og orner
har formentlig
højere behov
end slagtesvin



Lave forsøg fra
fravænning til
slagtning

Flere data for
fordøjelighed og
effekt af fytase

Fordøjelighed og
behov for polte og
søer

Næste skridt

Ca
Anbefalinger



Finansiering



<http://nutrition.anisci.illinois.edu>



Hans H. Stein
Monogastric Nutrition Laboratory



[Home](#) [About Us](#) [Research](#) [Publications](#) [News](#) [Podcasts](#) [Feed Ingredients](#) [Links](#)

Monogastric Nutrition Research



[Welcome](#) | [Our mission](#) | [Our vision](#)

In the Stein Monogastric Nutrition Laboratory, Dr. Hans Stein and his graduate students and employees conduct research with monogastric animals to evaluate feed ingredients, nutrient requirements, and feeding strategies. A number of research techniques are used in the laboratory and in

Search this site:

Social networks
Find us on:
  

Featured items

Latest podcast: Effects of Sal CURB on digestibility of energy and nutrients by growing pigs

Study: Carbohydrate composition determined in cereals and cereal co-products used in pig feed

Stein Nutrition Newsletter

Latest issue
August 2015

Subscribe:

Rectangular Snip



UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

Good students make professors look smart



H. H. Stein



illinois.edu